

Summary Prospectus

February 5, 2019

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.vivaldifunds.com/fund-documents/>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-877-779-1999 or by sending an e-mail request to info@vivaldifunds.com. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated February 1, 2019 as each may be amended or supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Funds' shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Fund, if you hold your shares directly with a Fund, or from your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer or bank, if you hold your shares through a financial intermediary. Instead, the reports will be made available on a website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. If you hold your shares directly with a Fund, you may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically by contacting the Fund at 1-877-779-1999 or, if you hold your shares through a financial intermediary, by contacting your financial intermediary.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you hold your shares directly with a Fund, you can inform the Fund that you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports by contacting the Fund at 1-877-779-1999 or, if you hold your shares through a financial intermediary, by contacting your financial intermediary. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all of the series of Investment Managers Series Trust II managed by Vivaldi Asset Management, LLC you hold directly or through your financial intermediary, as applicable.

Investment Objective

The primary investment objective of the WV Concentrated Equities Fund (the "Fund") is growth of capital over the long term.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$25,000 in Class A Shares of the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in the section titled "YOUR ACCOUNT WITH THE FUNDS – Purchase of Shares" on page 30 of the Statutory Prospectus and in "APPENDIX A – Waivers and Discounts Available from Intermediaries" of the Statutory Prospectus.

	Class A Shares	Class I Shares
Shareholder Fees		
<i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>		
Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.75%	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load)	None	None
Redemption fee	None	None
Wire fee	\$20	\$20
Overnight check delivery fee	\$25	\$25
Retirement account fees (annual maintenance fee)	\$15	\$15
Annual Fund Operating Expenses		
<i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management fees	0.85%	0.85%
Distribution and service (Rule 12b-1) fees	0.25%	None
Other expenses ¹	0.32%	0.32%
Shareholder servicing fee	0.12%	0.12%
All other expenses	0.20%	0.20%
Dividend and interest expenses on short sales	0.18%	0.18%
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.02%	0.02%
Total annual fund operating expenses¹	1.62%	1.37%

- 1 The total annual fund operating expenses and total annual fund operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement do not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets appearing in the financial highlights table, which reflects only the operating expenses of the Fund and does not include acquired fund fees and expenses.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Class A	\$730	\$1,057	\$1,406	\$2,386
Class I	\$139	\$434	\$750	\$1,646

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 184% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (which include borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities. These equity securities may include common stocks, shares offered in initial public offerings (“IPOs”) and shares of exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) which invest substantially all of their assets in equity securities. The Fund may invest in both U.S. and non-U.S. securities, which may include American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”), European Depositary Receipts (“EDRs”) and Global Depositary Receipts (“GDRs”). The Fund intends to focus on equity securities of small and mid-capitalization companies but may invest in companies of any market capitalization. To that end, the Fund has elected to use the Russell 2500 Index as the Fund's primary benchmark and the S&P 500 Index as an additional benchmark. Vivaldi Asset Management, LLC (“Vivaldi” or the “Advisor”), the Fund's advisor, considers small and mid-capitalization companies to be companies with market capitalizations within the range of those companies included in the Russell 2500 Index at the time of purchase. Because small and mid-capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the range of market capitalization of companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions. As of December 31, 2018, the market capitalizations of companies included in the Russell 2500 Index were between \$7.89 million and \$18.45 billion and the market capitalization of companies included in the S&P 500 Index were between \$2.94 billion and \$785 billion. Investments in companies that move above or below the capitalization range of the Russell 2500 Index may continue to be held by the Fund in the Advisor's sole discretion. The Fund will concentrate its long investments in the securities of no more than 60 issuers that the Advisor believes have the potential for significant appreciation.

The Advisor seeks to achieve the Fund's investment objective by constructing a portfolio of value-oriented investments based on the Advisor's original research. The Advisor considers value-oriented investments to be investments in profitable companies selling at low multiples of cash flow; companies the Advisor believes are selling at a discount to perceived intrinsic or liquidation value; or growth-oriented companies with current market values the Advisor believes fail to reflect accurately the businesses' long-term prospects for success. The Advisor believes that long-term capital growth can be realized through identification of companies whose public market value is substantially less than their private market value. The Advisor defines public market value as the aggregate trading price of a company's equity securities plus the company's current and long-term debt, less excess cash or marketable securities on hand; it defines private market value as what an informed, rational buyer would pay for the entire company.

In selecting the Fund's long positions, the Advisor focuses on what it believes are the key qualitative and quantitative areas of individual companies and industries in determining whether an appropriate margin of safety against potential downside exposure exists. Qualitative factors include: performance and quality of business during peak and trough economic cycles; quality, incentives and the track record of management; management's attitude toward shareholders; product differentiation; the competitive environment and economic outlook within the company's industry sector; potential business risks; pending litigation; and other relevant issues. Quantitative factors include: revenue growth;

operating margins (including sustainability of those margins); return on capital employed; condition of balance sheet; downside protection in the event of liquidation; and, ability to generate free cash flow.

The Fund may sell securities short. A short sale is the sale by the Fund of a security which it does not own in anticipation of purchasing the same security in the future at a lower price to close the short position. The Advisor will implement selective short strategies when it believes doing so will help reduce the Fund's overall return volatility and contribute to the Fund's long-term investment performance.

The Fund is "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), which means that it may invest more of its assets in fewer issuers than "diversified" mutual funds.

Principal Risks of Investing

Risk is inherent in all investing and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. A summary description of certain principal risks of investing in the Fund is set forth below. Before you decide whether to invest in the Fund, carefully consider these risk factors associated with investing in the Fund, each of which may cause investors to lose money. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.

Asset segregation risk. As a series of an investment company registered with the SEC, the Fund must segregate liquid assets, or engage in other measures to "cover" open positions with respect to certain kinds of derivatives and short sales. The Fund may incur losses on short sales even if they are covered.

Cybersecurity risk. Cybersecurity incidents may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or cause the Fund, the Advisor, and/or other service providers (including custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality. In an extreme case, a shareholder's ability to exchange or redeem Fund shares may be affected.

Equity risk. The value of the equity securities held by the Fund may fall due to general market and economic conditions, perceptions regarding the industries in which the issuers of securities held by the Fund participate, or factors relating to specific companies in which the Fund invests.

ETF risk. Investing in an ETF will provide the Fund with exposure to the securities comprising the index on which the ETF is based and will expose the Fund to risks similar to those of investing directly in those securities. Shares of ETFs typically trade on securities exchanges and may at times trade at a premium or discount to their net asset values. In addition, an ETF may not replicate exactly the performance of the benchmark index it seeks to track for a number of reasons, including transaction costs incurred by the ETF, the temporary unavailability of certain index securities in the secondary market or discrepancies between the ETF and the index with respect to the weighting of securities or the number of securities held. Investing in ETFs, which are investment companies, involves duplication of advisory fees and certain other expenses. The Fund will pay brokerage commissions in connection with the purchase and sale of shares of ETFs.

Foreign investment risk. The prices of foreign securities may be more volatile than the prices of securities of U.S. issuers because of economic and social conditions abroad, political developments, and changes in the regulatory environments of foreign countries. In addition, changes in exchange rates and interest rates may adversely affect the values of the Fund's foreign investments. Foreign companies are generally subject to different legal and accounting standards than U.S. companies, and foreign financial intermediaries may be subject to less supervision and regulation than U.S. financial firms. Foreign securities include ADRs and GDRs. Unsponsored ADRs and GDRs are organized independently and without the cooperation of the foreign issuer of the underlying securities, and involve additional risks because U.S. reporting requirements do not apply. In addition, the issuing bank may deduct shareholder distribution, custody, foreign currency exchange, and other fees from the payment of dividends.

Growth-oriented investment strategies risk. Growth funds generally focus on stocks of companies believed to have above-average potential for growth in revenue and earnings. Growth securities typically are very sensitive to market movements because their market prices frequently reflect projections of future earnings or revenues, and when it appears that those expectations will not be met, the prices of growth securities typically fall.

IPO risk. The market value of IPO shares will fluctuate considerably due to factors such as the absence of a prior public market, unseasoned trading, the small number of shares available for trading and limited information about the

issuer. The purchase of IPO shares may involve high transaction costs. IPO shares are subject to market risk and liquidity risk.

Management and strategy risk. The value of your investment depends on the judgment of the Fund's Advisor about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, which may prove to be incorrect.

Market risk. The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

Micro-cap, small-cap and mid-cap company risk. The securities of micro-capitalization, small-capitalization and mid-capitalization companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements and may have lower trading volumes or more erratic trading than securities of larger, more established companies or market averages in general. In addition, such companies typically are more likely to be adversely affected than large capitalization companies by changes in earning results, business prospects, investor expectations or poor economic or market conditions.

Non-diversification risk. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified," which means the Fund may invest a larger percentage of its assets in the securities of a smaller number of issuers than a diversified fund. Investment in securities of a limited number of issuers exposes the Fund to greater market risk and potential losses than if its assets were diversified among the securities of a greater number of issuers.

Portfolio turnover risk. Active and frequent trading of the Fund's portfolio securities may lead to higher transaction costs and may result in a greater number of taxable transactions than would otherwise be the case, which could negatively affect the Fund's performance. A high rate of portfolio turnover is 100% or more.

Short sales risk. A short sale is a transaction in which the Fund sells a security it does not own in anticipation that the market price of that security will decline. In connection with a short sale of a security or other instrument, the Fund is subject to the risk that instead of declining, the price of the security or other instrument sold short will rise. If the price of the security or other instrument sold short increases between the date of the short sale and the date on which the Fund replaces the security or other instrument borrowed to make the short sale, the Fund will experience a loss, which is theoretically unlimited since there is a theoretically unlimited potential for the market price of a security or other instrument sold short to increase.

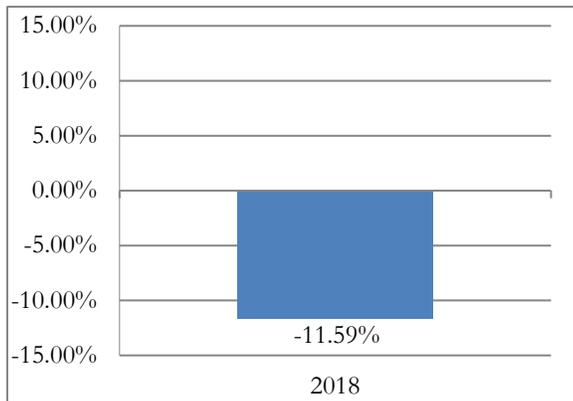
Value-oriented investment strategies risk. Value stocks are those that are believed to be undervalued in comparison to their peers due to adverse business developments or other factors. Value investing is subject to the risk that the market will not recognize a security's inherent value for a long time or at all, or that a stock judged to be undervalued may actually be appropriately priced or overvalued. In addition, during some periods (which may be extensive) value stocks generally may be out of favor in the markets.

Performance

The bar chart and table below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Class I Shares and by showing how the average annual total returns of each class of the Fund compare with the average annual total returns of a broad-based market index. Performance for classes other than those shown may vary from the performance shown to the extent the expenses for those classes differ. Updated performance information is available at the Fund's website, www.vivaldifunds.com, or by calling the Fund at 1-877-779-1999.

Calendar-Year Total Return (before taxes) for Class I Shares

For each calendar year at NAV



Class I Shares		
Highest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV	7.87%	Quarter Ended 06/30/18
Lowest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV	(13.61)%	Quarter Ended 12/31/18

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2018	One Year	Since Inception (04/28/2017)
Class I Shares - Return Before Taxes	(11.59)%	(6.04)%
Class I Shares - Return After Taxes on Distributions*	(17.11)%	(10.21)%
Class I Shares - Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares*	(3.47)%	(5.02)%
Class A Shares - Return Before Taxes	(16.73)%	(9.40)%
Russell 2500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	(10.00)%	0.32%
S&P 500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	(4.38)%	5.11%

* After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for Class I Shares only and after-tax returns for classes other than Class I will vary from returns shown for Class I.

Investment Advisor

Vivaldi Asset Management, LLC ("Vivaldi" or the "Advisor").

Portfolio Manager

Kyle Mowery has been primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund since its inception in April 2017.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

To purchase shares of the Fund, you must invest at least the minimum amount.

Minimum Investments	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
Class A		
Direct Regular Accounts	\$1,000	\$50
Direct Retirement Accounts	\$1,000	\$50
Automatic Investment Plan	\$1,000	\$50
Gift Account For Minors	\$1,000	\$50
Class I		
Direct Regular Accounts	\$500,000	None
Direct Retirement Accounts	\$500,000	None
Automatic Investment Plan	\$500,000	None
Gift Account For Minors	\$500,000	None

Fund shares are redeemable on any business day the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) is open for business, by written request or by telephone.

Tax Information

The Fund’s distributions are generally taxable, and will ordinarily be taxed as ordinary income, qualified dividend income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Shareholders investing through such tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.